# P.2022/112 - The Tax Review: Phase 2 - Propositions (As Amended)

During debate, if an Amendment is carried, the Original Propositions are updated in real time in SEV by the Clerks. Therefore, Members can always see the current set of Propositions (as amended) in SEV as the Meeting progresses.

# The Propositions (as amended by Amendments 5, 8, 11, 14, 16 & 17) are below

- To agree that the longer-term financial position of the States of Guernsey is unsustainable and effective measures must be implemented in a staged approach to mitigate the challenges, particularly those arising from an aging demographic with increased health and care needs, requiring:
  - delivery of expenditure restraint, savings and revenue raising;
  - the identification of a longer-term vision for Guernsey and an accompanying economic, social and environmental model;
  - the consideration of alternative funding models for capital projects;
  - the development and delivery of revised health and care models;

and to agree that the work associated with this issue is a very high priority for government and resources need to be re-prioritised accordingly.

# EITHER

# 2) POLICY & RESOURCES' OPTION A

To agree and approve the following package of revenue raising and cost reduction measures which comply with the objectives agreed for the Tax Review and which will close the deficit by £80-90million in total:

A) Development and implementation of a package of revenue raising measures designed to increase States' revenues by £50-60m by no later than the end of 2025 through:

- a. The introduction of a broad-based GST at a rate of 5%, as laid out in section 6, with minimal exemptions and zero rating, exemptions to include retail food and the exemption of clothes and books as sold by locally registered charities, such rate not to be increased for at least 10 years from the date of implementation; and amendment of the General Sales Tax (Enabling Provisions) (Guernsey and Alderney) Law, 2009 to limit the maximum rate of GST that may be provided for by Ordinance of the States to 5%, and inclusion in the Law provision for the approval of any resolution directing the preparation of legislation and any Projet de Loi intended to repeal or vary the relevant provision of the Law specifying the maximum rate of 5%, similar to that set out in Articles 3(4) and (5) of the Reform (Guernsey) Law, 1948 in respect of repeals and variations to that Law;
- b. The introduction of a lower rate of income tax at 15% that applies to the difference between the first £30,000 of an individual's income, as calculated for the definition of "gross household income" under the Family Allowances (Guernsey) Law, 1950, and the personal and other tax allowances, mortgage interest relief and deductions for pension contributions they are entitled to;
- c. An increase in the Personal Income Tax Allowance of £600;
- d. A restructure of the Social Security Contributions system, as outlined in section 8, including that all contributors be entitled to an allowance set at the same level as the personal income tax allowance and be liable for contributions on all income regardless of source;
- e. To include, within the Budget Report for 2024, a proposed policy to underpin any future changes in: personal allowances; the threshold for the lower rate of income tax; and the threshold for the withdrawal of personal allowances;
- f. Prior to the implementation of a GST:
  - i. Increasing income support benefit rates by the percentage equal to the rate of GST applied to pre-empt the expected impact of the GST on low income households;
  - ii. Increasing the States Pension and other benefit rates by a rate equal to the forecast impact of GST on RPIX; and
  - iii. Making available a cost support scheme to households with a gross income of less than £33,000, who are not in receipt of income support, at

an initial rate of £450 a year for a single adult and £675 for a couple with a 30% supplement for households where all adults are above States' pension age;

and incorporating within the uprating of such benefits in the subsequent January, any adjustment necessary to align the change in benefits with the actual impact of GST on inflation should this prove greater or less than the forecast amount;

- g. Noting the intention of the Committee *for* Employment & Social Security to adjust the ten-year plan for increasing contributions each year, considering the resolutions following the debate on the Tax Review, in its annual Policy Letter on Contributory Benefits and Contribution Rates; and
- h. Directing the Policy & Resources Committee to include appropriate transitional proposals in future States of Guernsey Annual Budgets, if required, to implement the above package of measures.
- B) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee to:
  - a. Prepare the States of Guernsey Annual Budget for 2024 to include no real-terms growth in revenue expenditure, excepting the budget of the Committee *for* Health & Social Care;
  - b. Establish a Sub-Committee to identify and review essential community services and, working with Principal Committees and wider States Members, consider where efficiencies, structural change, cessation, outsourcing and/or commissioning of those services could deliver significant savings, and to incorporate these into a medium-term plan for delivering overall cost reductions of at least £10m over five years to be considered by the States no later than July 2024 for incorporation into the States of Guernsey Annual Budget for 2025;
  - c. Review the Capital Portfolio and pipeline in light of the outcome of the debate and report back to the States by September 2023 with recommendations for (i) any changes to scope or funding of the existing portfolio; and (ii) (if in the view of the Policy & Resources Committee thought appropriate) amending the assumption for the level of capital expenditure contained within Principle 6 of the Fiscal Policy Framework; and
  - d. Include proposals with the Government Work Plan 2023 to reprioritise initiatives for which funding has not yet been released to the extent necessary to limit the additional expenditure to deliver these initiatives over the remainder of this term to a maximum of £5.7m, being 1% of the 2023 General Revenue budget.
- C) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee to develop proposals for raising up to £20m further revenues from the corporate sector without unduly negatively impacting Guernsey's competitive position or compliance with international standards, through engagement with industry and the other Crown Dependencies, which should be presented to the States for consideration no later than November 2023. This work to

include examination of all the options set out in Appendix 3 plus an alternative corporate vehicle or other appropriate form of entity or taxing structure which will be subject to income tax at 15% or such other rate or basis as the review may determine.

#### OR IF 2 IS NOT APPROVED

#### 3) POLICY & RESOURCES' OPTION B

To agree a package of revenue raising and cost reduction measures which will close the deficit by £80-90million in total through:

- A) A series of measures to raise additional revenues through:
  - a. A restructure of the Social Security Contributions system similar to that outlined in section 8, including that all contributors be entitled to an allowance and liable for contributions on all income regardless of source, save it should raise £34m in total through one of or a combination of (i) the application of higher contribution rates; (ii) by setting the allowance lower than the personal income tax allowance; (iii) reducing the range or restricting entitlement to contributory benefits, and directing the Committee for Employment & Social Security to report back with firm proposals in its Contributory Benefits and Contribution Rates for 2024 report in October 2023;
  - b. Directing the Policy & Resources Committee to develop proposals for raising up to £20m further revenues from the corporate sector without unduly negatively impacting Guernsey's competitive position or compliance with international standards, through engagement with industry and the other Crown Dependencies, which should be presented to the States for consideration no later than November 2023. This work to include examination of all the options set out in Appendix 3 plus an alternative corporate vehicle or other appropriate form of entity or taxing structure which will be subject to income tax at 15% or such other rate or basis as the review may determine;
  - c. Agreeing that all rates of domestic TRP should be increased by 50% in real terms over the five-year period 2024-2028 and directing the Policy & Resources Committee to include proposals in the States of Guernsey Annual Budgets for that period including examining the implementation of a deferral scheme for those on fixed incomes;
  - d. Directing the Policy & Resources Committee, working with the Committee for the Environment & Infrastructure, to develop proposals for increasing the revenues generated through transport by £10-15m above 2022 levels, such work to include consideration of distance charging, the application of an annual tax on the ownership of vehicles and paid public parking, and the bringing of proposals to the States by March 2024; and noting that the Policy & Resources Committee will bring proposals as part of the States of Guernsey

Annual Budget for 2024 in relation to TRP on corporate parking; and

- e. Including, within the States of Guernsey Annual Budget for 2024, a proposed policy to underpin any future changes in the threshold for the withdrawal of personal allowances.
- B) To agree that, while increasing revenues, it is essential to control expenditure and deliver savings; and accordingly direct the Policy & Resources Committee to:
  - a. Prepare the States of Guernsey Annual Budget for 2024 to include no realterms growth in revenue expenditure, excepting the budget of the Committee *for* Health & Social Care;
  - b. Establish a Sub-Committee to identify and review essential community services and, working with all Principal Committees and wider States Members, consider where efficiencies, structural change, cessation, outsourcing, restricting access to and/or commissioning of those services could deliver significant savings, and to incorporate these into a mediumterm plan for delivering overall cost reductions of at least £10-16m over five years to be considered by the States no later than July 2024 for incorporation into the States of Guernsey Annual Budget for 2025;
  - c. Review the Capital Portfolio and pipeline in light of the outcome of the debate and report back to the States by September 2023 with recommendations for (i) any changes to scope or funding of the existing portfolio; and (ii) whether the assumption for the level of capital expenditure contained within Principle 6 of the Fiscal Policy Framework should be amended; and
  - d. Include proposals with the Government Work Plan 2023 to reprioritise initiatives for which funding has not yet been released to the extent necessary to limit the additional expenditure to deliver these initiatives over the remainder of this term to a maximum of £5.7m, being 1% of the 2023 General Revenue budget.
- C) To note the lack of certainty regarding the deliverability of these proposals and therefore to direct the Policy & Resources Committee to monitor progress and impact on the deficit and report back, if required, by December 2024 to set out any further measures necessary to address the sustainability of the financial position.

#### **OR IF 3 IS NOT APPROVED**

#### 4) POLICY & RESOURCES' OPTION C

To:

a. Confirm that the Committee *for* Employment & Social Security should continue with its agreed plan to increase contribution rates each year for a period of ten-years from 2022 in order to make the social security schemes sustainable through raising an additional £34m; and

Direct the Policy & Resources Committee to:

- b. Develop proposals for raising up to £20m further revenues from the corporate sector without unduly negatively impacting Guernsey's competitive position or compliance with international standards, through engagement with industry and the other Crown Dependencies, which should be presented to the States for consideration no later than November 2023. This work to include examination of all the options set out in Appendix 3 plus an alternative corporate vehicle or other appropriate form of entity or taxing structure which will be subject to income tax at 15% or such other rate or basis as the review may determine;
- c. Establish a Sub-Committee to identify and review essential community services and, working with Principal Committees and wider States Members, consider where efficiencies, structural change, cessation, outsourcing, restricting access to and/or commissioning of those services could deliver significant reductions in the cost of public services, and to incorporate these into a medium-term plan for delivering overall cost reductions of between £30-35m to be considered by the States no later than July 2024, to include an implementation plan and timeline;
- d. Review the Capital Portfolio and pipeline in light of the outcome of the debate and report back to the States by September 2023 with recommendations for (i) any changes to scope or funding of the existing portfolio; and (ii) whether the assumption for the level of capital expenditure contained within Principle 6 of the Fiscal Policy Framework should be amended;
- e. Include proposals with the Government Work Plan 2023 to reprioritise initiatives for which funding has not yet been released to the extent necessary to limit the additional expenditure to deliver these initiatives over the remainder of this term to a maximum of £5.7m, being 1% of the 2023 General Revenue budget; and

f. To note the lack of certainty regarding the deliverability of these proposals and therefore to direct the Policy & Resources Committee to monitor progress and impact on the deficit and report back, if required, by December 2024 to set out any further measures necessary to address the sustainability of the financial position.

#### **OR, IF 4 IS NOT APPROVED**

#### FAIRER ALTERNATIVE 2 – OPTION D

5)

Stage 1

A) To agree not to introduce a broad-based GST.

B) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee to implement a package of expenditure reduction and progressive revenue raising measures by:

- a. preparing the States of Guernsey Annual Budget for 2024 and 2025 to include for each year a £4m real-terms reduction in revenue expenditure;
- b. including in the States of Guernsey Annual Budget for 2024 proposals for a new 'Community & Infrastructure Contribution' from corporate entities to raise up to £20m;
- c. increasing the Personal Income Tax Allowance by £400 no later than the end of 2025;
- d. increasing the current personal tax caps of £150,000 and £300,000 to amounts that the Committee believes are appropriate, taking into account the need to generate additional revenue and to ensure that any increased caps do not unduly negatively impact Guernsey's competitive position particularly, with regard to Jersey;
- e. including in the Budget Report 2024 proposals, in line with the existing States' direction to raise revenues from those most able to bear the burden, to raise up to £2m in real terms annually from domestic properties with a TRP of 300 and above and examining the implementation of a deferral scheme for those on fixed incomes;
- f. bringing proposals as part of the States of Guernsey Annual Budget for 2024 in relation to TRP on corporate parking; and

g. working with the Committee for the Environment & Infrastructure to consider the opportunities to raise a minimum of £5m annually in developing proposals for an Open Market inscriptions policy and the Open Market Transfer Register (as set out in the Population and Immigration Policy Review Policy Letter dated 5<sup>th</sup> September 2022) and to make any necessary recommendations to the States

before the end of 2023.

C) To approve the development and implementation of the following changes no later than the end of the current States' term:

- a. A restructure of the Social Security Contributions system, as outlined in section 8 of the policy letter, save for a reduction in the employer contribution rate to 7% in respect of any employee over the retirement age for States Pension purposes; and
- b. That for Income Tax and Social Security Contribution purposes, the totality of each individual's allowances and withdrawable deductions are reduced at a ratio of £1 of allowances and withdrawable deductions for every £5 that that individual's calculated income is above £80,000 (such limit being pro-rated in the year of arrival or departure, based on the proportion of time spent in Guernsey in the relevant year).

# OR, IF 2, 3, 4 OR 5 ARE NOT APPROVED

# 5A. OPTION E

To:-

- a. Agree that the States' revenue budget faces a very significant structural deficit but that the challenge of agreeing a single package to resolve the forecast £85M medium term shortfall has proven too politically challenging to be achievable, and that therefore it needs to be split into two tranches, with the first approved by this assembly, and the second by the Assembly of 2025-2029;
- Direct the Policy & Resources Committee to report back to the States by November 2023 with detailed proposals to raise up to £20M in increased corporate taxes or charges;
- Direct the Policy & Resources Committee to report back to the States by November 2023 with proposals to raise an additional £6M in property taxes, with the focus on raising the bulk of such sums from the largest properties;
- d. Direct the Policy & Resources Committee to investigate and report back to the States on the introduction of a property tax deferral scheme which could be accessed by those for whom TRP bills could induce hardship;

- e. Agree that, despite the high duty currently on motor fuels, taken in the round Guernsey taxes motoring very modestly compared to many other jurisdictions and that the total quantum of such taxation should be increased from circa £20M per year to circa £30M per year;
- f. Direct the Committee *for the* Environment & Infrastructure and the Policy & Resources Committee to report back to the States by November 2024 with detailed proposals on the best way to implement the increases in motoring taxes referred to in e. above;
- g. Direct the Committee *for* Employment & Social Security to implement the proposed reforms to social security contributions as set out in section 8 of the policy letter;
- h. Note that the proposed reforms to social security contributions will only raise an additional £19M per year, compared to the additional £34M per year which the Government Actuary has estimated is needed to make the insurance funds sustainable and therefore a net contribution of £15M per year will be required from general revenue;
- i Direct every States committee to consider how they can make revenue savings by efficiency measures, service reduction, or outsourcing, and to instruct the Policy & Resources Committee to set up a sub-committee to coordinate these efforts;
- j. Note the revenue raising measures set out above will only raise circa £55M per year [before any revenue savings] and as such fall short of the predicted medium term revenue shortfall;
- k. Direct the Policy & Resources Committee to report back to the States by November 2026 with a second tranche of measures needed to tackle and the remaining structural deficit which may exist after the implementation of the measures set out above.

# Stage 2

- 6) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee through engagement with Principal Committees and wider States' Members to review the Capital Portfolio and pipeline in light of the outcome of the debate and report back to the States by March 2024 with recommendations for:
  - i. any changes to the scope or funding of the existing portfolio;
  - ii. alternative funding mechanisms including borrowing; and
  - iii. (if in the view of the Policy & Resources Committee thought appropriate) amending the assumption for the level of capital expenditure contained within Principle 6 of the Fiscal Policy Framework.

- 7) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee to establish a Sub-Committee working with Principal Committees, the States' Trading Supervisory Board and wider States Members, and after effective engagement with the community, to identify and review essential community services and to consider whether structural change, cessation, outsourcing and/or commissioning of those services could deliver significant savings having regard to:
  - the relevance of universal offers in the provision of services;
  - value for money and the opportunities for potential efficiencies in service delivery;
  - the operating models for the States' trading assets;

and to incorporate these into a medium-term plan for delivering overall cost reductions of at least £10m-£16m over five years to be considered by the States by the end of 2024.

- 8) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee, working with Principal Committees and wider States Members, and after effective engagement with the community, to identify a longer-term vision for the island and an accompanying economic, social and environmental model and report back by the end of 2024.
- 9) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee to establish a sub-group to take forward the work on the investigation of changes to the tax system, with terms of reference as set out in the attached schedule and to report back with proposals and recommendations as work progresses.
- 10) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee, working with the Committee *for the* Environment & Infrastructure, to investigate annual revenues generated through transport, such work to include consideration of fuel duty, distance charging, the application of an annual tax on the ownership of vehicles and paid public parking and to report back to the States by the end of March 2024.
- 11) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee, working with the Committee for Economic Development and in consultation with industry to consider, in lieu of GST, the opportunities to raise up to £2m annually from the visitor economy including consideration of the use of a visitors' levy by the end of March 2024.
- 12) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee to provide an estimate of the structural deficit, if any, in future annual budget reports.
- 13) To note that the Policy & Resources Committee has commenced a project to review the package of terms & conditions for new public servants and redundancy policies, and to direct: that this include consideration of the closure of the public servants' pension scheme to new entrants and offering a defined contribution pension scheme; and to report back by the end of September 2024.

- 14) To agree, that to better enable commissioning of services, the Transfer of States Undertakings (Protection of Employment) (Guernsey) Law, 2001 shall be reviewed jointly by the Policy & Resources Committee and the Committee *for* Employment & Social Security and to direct the Committees to bring to the States proposals for updating and improving the effectiveness of such legislation by the end of 2023.
- 14 A) To rescind Resolution 14 on Billet d'État No XV of 2021, dated 21st July, 2021, (relating to the Government Work Plan 2021-25, P. 2021/71), and
  - (a) in respect of capital votes already opened further to the authority of that Resolution, to confirm the authority conferred under that Resolution to the completion of those schemes, and
  - (b) in respect of capital votes not yet opened under the authority of that Resolution, to agree the assurance and approval pathways for capital projects as set out in paragraphs 9.5 to 9.8, and 9.10 in the Funding & Investment Plan at Annex 5 of the 2021 GWP in Billet d'État No XV of 2021, and to delegate authority to the Policy & Resources Committee to approve the opening of capital votes on projects with an estimated cost of up to £5m.
- 14 B) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee jointly with the Committee for Employment & Social Security, in consultation with the Principal Committees and relevant stakeholders: -
  - (a) to examine current unemployment and non-employment levels in Guernsey and Alderney and compile a report which shall include proposals designed to help, and provide opportunities for, all who could be economically active to enter into, or back into, employment, including proposals intended to remove obstacles that restrict those who wish to work on a full-time basis from so participating in the workplace, and
  - (b) to report back to the States, by no later than the end of January 2024, with their conclusions and proposals and with suitable recommendations for the States to consider.
- 15) To endorse the intention of the Policy & Resources Committee to approve funding from the Budget Reserve to implement the proposals and direct the Policy & Resources Committee to prioritise the actions arising from the above propositions in the Government Work Plan.
- 16) To direct the Policy & Resources Committee to report back on the impact of the measures arising from the above propositions by June 2026 and, if required, set out any measures necessary to address the sustainability of the financial position.
- 17) To direct the preparation of such legislation as may be necessary to give effect to the above decisions.